9TH GRADE CHECKLIST

For Students:

Take challenging classes in core academic subjects. Most colleges require 4 years of English, at least 3 years of social studies (history, civics, geography, economics, etc.), 3 years of math, 3 years of science, and many require 2 years of a foreign language. Round out your course load with classes in computer science and the arts.
Get involved in school or community-based activities that interest you or allow you to explore career interests. Consider working, volunteering, and/or participating in academic enrichment programs, summer workshops, and camps with special focuses such as music, arts, or science. It's quality not quantity that counts.
Ask your guidance counselor or teachers what Advanced Placement or concurrent college courses are available, whether you are eligible, and how to enroll in them.
Use the U.S. Department of Labor's career search tool to research your career options: https://www.mynextmove.org/
Start a list of your awards, honors, paid and volunteer work, and co-curricular activities. Update it throughout high school: DreamCatcher Curriculum Extracurricular Archive
Check out <i>KnowHow2Go: The Four Steps to College</i> , which suggests actions you can take as you start thinking about education beyond high school: http://knowhow2go.acenet.edu/four-steps-to-college.html
Learn more about managing your money: https://studentaid.gov/sites/default/files/money- management-checklist.pdf
Research the benefits of going to college: https://studentaid.gov/resources/prepare-for-college#why-go . Don't be afraid to ask for help from your parents, school counselor, and upperclassmen as you prepare.
Estimate your potential financial aid using the

https://studentaid.gov/understand-aid/estimate

9th grade is an important year for college prep. It is the first year that grades and co-curricular activities are considered by colleges/universities for admission and scholarships. Take preparation seriously during freshman year; you'll be setting yourself up for success later in high school!

For Parents:

	Talk to your teen about college plans . Support their college aspirations and make plans to reach definitive goals. Visit college campuses together.
	Address your concerns about whether your teen can or should go to college. Use this website for a multitude of topics and resources: https://studentaid.gov/resources/prepare-for-college/parents
	Keep an eye on your student's study habits and grades. Provide an appropriate study space, free of distractions like cell phones and television. Place a higher priority on their studies rather than co-curricular activities. Stay involved with their academics and take advantage of opportunities to be involved with their school activities.
	Encourage your teen to take Advanced Placement (https://apstudents.collegeboard.org/), honors, concurrent college courses, or other challenging high school classes. This will ensure that they are academically prepared for college (and might save you money on tuition later).
	Add to your student's college savings account or 529 plan regularly if you are able. Make sure you are fully aware of the requirements of the account.
	Read <i>Parent Power</i> to access ideas for remaining involved in your teen's progress: https://www2.ed.gov/parents/academic/help/ parentpower/booklet.pdf
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